



## CSFC Bill Introduction List March 2021

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### Priority Bills for Review

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- AB 75**     **(O'Donnell D)**     **Education finance: school facilities: Kindergarten-Community Colleges Public Education Facilities Bond Act of 2022.**  
**Introduced:** 12/7/2020  
**Status:** 1/11/2021-Referred to Coms. on ED. and HIGHER ED.  
**Summary:** The Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 provides for the adoption of rules, regulations, and procedures, under the administration of the Director of General Services, for the allocation of state funds by the State Allocation Board for the construction and modernization of public school facilities. This bill would add provisions to the act to require the Department of General Services to process all applications received under the act on and after an unspecified date and to present those applications to the State Allocation Board within 120 days of receipt. The bill would require applicants for bond funding to supply designated information to the State Department of Education. The bill would authorize school districts to receive a supplemental grant to expand an existing, or construct a new, gymnasium, multipurpose room, library, or school kitchen under specified conditions.
- AB 377**     **(Rivas, Robert D)**     **Water quality: impaired waters.**  
**Introduced:** 2/1/2021  
**Last Amend:** 3/8/2021  
**Status:** 3/8/2021-From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on E.S. & T.M. Read second time and amended.  
**Summary:** Would require all California surface waters to be fishable, swimmable, and drinkable by January 1 2050, as prescribed. The bill would prohibit the state board and regional boards from authorizing an NPDES discharge, or a waste discharge requirement or waiver of a waste discharge requirement for a discharge, to surface water that causes or contributes to an exceedance of an applicable water quality standard in receiving waters, or from authorizing a best management practice permit term to authorize a discharge to surface water that causes or contributes to an exceedance of an applicable water quality standard in receiving waters.
- AB 544**     **(O'Donnell D)**     **School property: location and facility details.**  
**Introduced:** 2/10/2021  
**Status:** 2/18/2021-Referred to Com. on ED.  
**Summary:** Would, commencing with the 2023-24 school year, would require a county office of education, school district, and charter school to provide, and to update annually as needed, certain information to the State Department of Education for each school facility, schoolsite, or school property owned or leased by the local educational agency. The bill would make the information received by the department confidential and exempt it from public disclosure. The bill would authorize the department to share the information with other entities for emergency preparedness and emergency response-related activities.
- AB 599**     **(Jones-Sawyer D)**     **Public schools: accountability: county superintendents of schools.**  
**Introduced:** 2/11/2021  
**Last Amend:** 2/25/2021  
**Status:** 3/1/2021-Re-referred to Com. on ED.  
**Summary:** Under current law, county superintendents of schools superintend the schools of that county, maintain responsibility for the fiscal oversight of each school district in that county, and visit and examine each school in the county at reasonable intervals to observe its operation and learn of its problems. This bill would recast and revise the duties of the county superintendent. The bill would require the Superintendent of Public Instruction to identify a list of schools pursuant to a specified procedure based on the schools identified for comprehensive support and improvement and additional targeted support and improvement or as low-performing pursuant to specified federal laws, and submit a report as to the state of those schools.

- AB 919**     **(Grayson D) Construction defects: actions: statute of limitations.**  
**Introduced:** 2/17/2021  
**Status:** 2/25/2021-Referred to Com. on JUD.  
**Summary:** Current law specifies the requirements for actions for construction defects. Current law includes statute of limitations that, except as specified, prohibits an action from being brought to recover under these provisions more than 10 years after substantial completion of the improvement but no later than the date the notice of completion is recorded. This bill, notwithstanding that 10-year limitation period, would shorten the timeframe in which an action may be brought, for underlying construction projects using a skilled and trained workforce, as defined, to no more than 5 years after substantial completion of the improvement but no later than the date the notice of completion is recorded.
- SB 22**     **(Glazer D) Education finance: school facilities: Public Preschool, K-12, and College Health and Safety Bond Act of 2022.**  
**Introduced:** 12/7/2020  
**Last Amend:** 3/4/2021  
**Status:** 3/10/2021-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on GOV. & F. (Ayes 5. Noes 1.) (March 10). Re-referred to Com. on GOV. & F.  
**Summary:** Current law authorizes the governing board of any school district or community college district to order an election and submit to the electors of the district the question of whether the bonds of the district shall be issued and sold to raise money for specified purposes. Current law generally requires, to pass a school bond measure, that either at least 2/3 of the votes cast on the proposition of issuing bonds be in favor of issuing the bonds to pass the measure, or, if certain conditions are met, at least 55% of the votes cast on the proposition of issuing bonds be in favor of issuing the bonds. Current law prohibits the total amount of bonds issued by a school district or community college district from exceeding 1.25% of the taxable property of the district, as provided. This bill would raise that limit to 2%.

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**Additional Bills of Interest**

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- AB 9**     **(Wood D) Wildfires.**  
**Introduced:** 12/7/2020  
**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be heard in committee January 7.  
**Summary:** Current law establishes various programs for the prevention and reduction of wildfires. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact subsequent legislation that would increase California's capacity to prevent and reduce the impact of wildfires, and would make related findings and declarations.
- AB 10**     **(Ting D) Pupil instruction: in-person instruction: distance learning.**  
**Introduced:** 12/7/2020  
**Last Amend:** 1/12/2021  
**Status:** 1/27/2021-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.  
**Summary:** Current law establishes a system of public elementary and secondary education in this state, and authorizes local educational agencies throughout the state to provide instruction to pupils in kindergarten and grades 1 to 12, inclusive. Current law establishes procedures for the apportionment of state funds to these local educational agencies. Current law, for purposes of calculating apportionments for the 2020-21 fiscal year, requires a local educational agency to offer in-person instruction and authorizes these agencies to offer distance learning, as specified. This bill would specify that the requirement to provide in-person instruction applies when that instruction is allowed under state and local public health orders.
- AB 14**     **(Aguiar-Curry D) Communications: broadband services: California Advanced Services Fund.**  
**Introduced:** 12/7/2020  
**Status:** 1/11/2021-Referred to Coms. on C. & C. and L. GOV.  
**Summary:** Current law establishes the State Department of Education in state government, and vests the department with specified powers and duties relating to the state's public school system. This bill would authorize local educational agencies to report to the department their pupils' estimated needs for

computing devices and internet connectivity adequate for at-home learning. The bill would require the department, in consultation with the Public Utilities Commission, to compile that information and to annually post that compiled information on the department's internet website.

- AB 22**     **(McCarty D)    Childcare: preschool programs and transitional kindergarten: enrollment.**  
**Introduced:** 12/7/2020  
**Last Amend:** 2/3/2021  
**Status:** 2/4/2021-Re-referred to Com. on ED.  
**Summary:** Would require all eligible children meeting certain requirements and who are not enrolled in transitional kindergarten to have access to a California state preschool program the year before they enter kindergarten, if their parents wish to enroll them. The bill would make this requirement contingent upon the appropriation of sufficient funding in the annual Budget Act or another statute for this purpose.
- AB 27**     **(Rivas, Luz D)    Homeless children and youths and unaccompanied youths: reporting.**  
**Introduced:** 12/7/2020  
**Status:** 1/11/2021-Referred to Com. on ED.  
**Summary:** Under current state law, public schools, including charter schools, and county offices of education are required to immediately enroll a homeless child or youth seeking enrollment, except as specified. Current law requires a local educational agency liaison for homeless children and youths to ensure that public notice of the educational rights of homeless children and youths is disseminated in schools within the liaison's local educational agency that provide services pursuant to the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act. This bill would require a local educational agency to ensure that each school within the local educational agency identifies all homeless children and youths and unaccompanied youths, as defined, enrolled at the school, administer a housing questionnaire, as specified, for purposes of identifying homeless children and youths and unaccompanied youths, and annually provide the housing questionnaire to all parents or guardians of pupils and unaccompanied youths of the local educational agency.
- AB 33**     **(Ting D)    Natural gas.**  
**Introduced:** 12/7/2020  
**Status:** 1/11/2021-Referred to Coms. on U. & E. and NAT. RES.  
**Summary:** Current law vests the Department of General Services with the authority to supervise the design and construction of a school building or the reconstruction or alteration of or addition to a school building to ensure that plans and specifications comply with applicable rules and regulations and building standards, and to ensure that the work of construction has been performed in accordance with the approved plans and specifications, for the protection of life and property. This bill would prohibit the department from approving or providing funding from the construction on new school buildings that have natural gas connections.
- AB 34**     **(Muratsuchi D)    Communications: Broadband for All Act of 2022.**  
**Introduced:** 12/7/2020  
**Status:** 3/11/2021-Referred to Coms. on C. & C. and P. & C.P.  
**Summary:** Would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would enact the Broadband for All Act of 2022, to become operative only if approved by the voters at the November 8, 2022, statewide general election, to authorize the issuance of state general obligation bonds to fund increased access to broadband services to rural, urban, suburban, and tribal unserved and underserved communities.
- AB 76**     **(Kiley R)    Interdistrict transfer of pupils: prohibition on transfers by a school district of residence: in-person instruction.**  
**Introduced:** 12/7/2020  
**Last Amend:** 1/19/2021  
**Status:** 1/21/2021-Re-referred to Com. on ED.  
**Summary:** Would prohibit a school district of residence from prohibiting the transfer of a pupil who is not

receiving in-person instruction to a school district of proposed enrollment that is offering in-person instruction if the school district of proposed enrollment approves the application for transfer. The bill would define “in-person instruction” for its purposes to mean instruction under the immediate physical supervision and control of a certificated employee of the local educational agency while engaged in educational activities required of the pupil and to include both full-time and hybrid instructional models.

- AB 103**     **(Holden D) Pupil instruction: College and Career Access Pathways partnerships: county offices of education.**  
**Introduced:** 12/11/2020  
**Status:** 1/11/2021-Read first time. Referred to Coms. on HIGHER ED. and ED.  
**Summary:** Current law, until January 1, 2027, authorizes the governing board of a community college district to enter into a College and Career Access Pathways (CCAP) partnership with the governing board of a school district or the governing body of a charter school with the goal of developing seamless pathways from high school to community college for career technical education or preparation for transfer, improving high school graduation rates, or helping high school pupils achieve college and career readiness. This bill would specify that “high school,” as used in the bill, includes a community school, continuation high school, or juvenile court school.
- AB 125**     **(Rivas, Robert D) Food and agriculture: climate crisis: COVID-19 recovery.**  
**Introduced:** 12/18/2020  
**Status:** 1/11/2021-Read first time.  
**Summary:** Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact subsequent legislation to issue a bond to support solutions to the climate crisis and recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic that would create a more equitable and resilient food and farming system.
- AB 248**     **(Choi R) Income taxes: credits: cleaning and sanitizing supplies: COVID-19.**  
**Introduced:** 1/14/2021  
**Status:** 1/28/2021-Referred to Com. on REV. & TAX.  
**Summary:** Would allow a credit against the Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law for each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2021, and before January 1, 2022, to a taxpayer that is a business with a physical location in the state in an amount equal to the costs paid or incurred by the qualified taxpayer during the taxable year for the purchase of cleaning and sanitizing supplies used at business locations in the state to prevent the transmission of the novel coronavirus (COVID-19).
- AB 418**     **(Valladares R) Emergency services: grant program.**  
**Introduced:** 2/4/2021  
**Status:** 2/12/2021-Referred to Coms. on E.M. and U. & E.  
**Summary:** Would establish the Community Power Resiliency Program (program), to be administered by the Office of Emergency Services, to support local governments in priority areas including schools, elections offices, food storage reserves, COVID-19 testing sites, and traffic signals and street lamps. The bill would authorize the office to allocate specified sums, pursuant to an appropriation by the Legislature, to local governments, special districts, and tribes for various purposes relating to power resiliency, and would require those entities applying for funding to either describe the portion of their emergency plan that includes power outages or provide an attestation that power outages will be included when the entity revises any portion of their emergency plan.
- AB 537**     **(Quirk D) Communications: wireless telecommunications and broadband facilities.**  
**Introduced:** 2/10/2021  
**Last Amend:** 3/11/2021  
**Status:** 3/15/2021-Re-referred to Com. on L. GOV.  
**Summary:** Current law requires a collocation or siting application for a wireless telecommunications facility be deemed approved if a city or county fails to approve or disapprove the application within the time periods specified in applicable FCC decisions, all required public notices have been provided regarding the

application, and the applicant has provided a notice to the city or county that the time period has lapsed. Under existing law, eligible facilities requests, defined to include any request for modification of an existing wireless tower or base station that involves collocation of new transmission equipment, removal of transmission equipment, or replacement of transmission equipment, are exempt from these requirements. This bill would remove the exemption for eligible facilities requests defined above. The bill would require that the time periods described above be determined pursuant to specified FCC rules.

**AB 724**     **(Ward D)    Housing.**

**Introduced:** 2/16/2021

**Status:** 2/17/2021-From printer. May be heard in committee March 19.

**Summary:** The State Housing Law establishes statewide construction and occupancy standards for buildings used for human habitation. That law requires the building department of every city or county to enforce within its jurisdiction the provisions of the State Building Standards Code, the provisions of the State Housing Law, and specified other rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to that law. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to the provision naming the State Housing Law.

**AB 924**     **(Bonta D)    Housing and community development: redevelopment.**

**Introduced:** 2/17/2021

**Status:** 2/18/2021-From printer. May be heard in committee March 20.

**Summary:** The Community Redevelopment Law defines the term “redevelopment” for its purposes. This bill would make a technical, nonsubstantive change to that law.

**AB 1396**    **(Levine D)    Skilled and trained workforce requirements.**

**Introduced:** 2/19/2021

**Status:** 2/22/2021-Read first time.

**Summary:** Current law establishes requirements that apply when a public entity is required by statute or regulation to obtain an enforceable commitment that a bidder, contractor, or other entity will use a skilled and trained workforce to complete a contract or project. Current law also authorizes a public entity to require that a bidder, contractor, or other entity use a skilled and trained workforce to complete a contract or project, regardless of whether the public entity is required to do so by a statute or regulation. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to those provisions.

**AB 1447**    **(Cooley D)    The Rural California Infrastructure Act.**

**Introduced:** 2/19/2021

**Status:** 3/11/2021-Referred to Coms. on E.M. and J., E.D., & E.

**Summary:** Would establish the Rural California Infrastructure Act to award grants to specified local agencies to fund rural infrastructure projects, as defined. The bill would create the Rural California Infrastructure Committee, consisting of 7 appointed members, to establish, by July 1, 2022, an application process for the grants and to award the grants, beginning on January 1, 2023, and every 2 years thereafter, in accordance with specified priorities. The bill would require the Controller to transfer a sum of \$1,000,000,000 to the Rural California Infrastructure Fund in the State Treasury, which the bill would create and continuously appropriate for purposes of the act. By requiring the Controller to transfer moneys from the General Fund to the Rural California Infrastructure Fund for purposes of the program, the bill would make an appropriation.

**AB 1557**    **(Santiago D)    Broadband services.**

**Introduced:** 2/19/2021

**Status:** 2/22/2021-Read first time.

**Summary:** Current law authorizes the Public Utilities Commission to expend up to \$2,000,000 of the unencumbered amount of moneys in the California Teleconnect Fund Administrative Committee Fund for the nonrecurring installation costs for high-speed broadband services for community organizations that are eligible for discounted rates, as specified. Current law declares the intent of the Legislature that any program administered by the commission that addresses the inequality of access to high-speed broadband

services by providing those services to schools and libraries at a discounted price provide comparable discounts to a nonprofit community technology program. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to the provisions declaring this intent and defining terms for those purposes.

- SB 45**     **(Portantino D)    Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2022.**  
**Introduced:** 12/7/2020  
**Status:** 2/17/2021-Set for hearing March 16.  
**Summary:** Would enact the Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2022, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$5,510,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for a wildfire prevention, safe drinking water, drought preparation, and flood protection program.
- SB 99**     **(Dodd D)    Community Energy Resilience Act of 2021.**  
**Introduced:** 12/28/2020  
**Status:** 1/28/2021-Referred to Com. on E., U. & C.  
**Summary:** Would set forth guiding principles for plan development, including equitable access to reliable energy, as provided, and integration with other existing local planning documents. The bill would require a plan to, among other things, ensure that a reliable electricity supply is maintained at critical facilities and identify areas most likely to experience a loss of electrical service. This bill contains other related provisions.
- SB 109**    **(Dodd D)    Office of Emergency Services: Office of Wildfire Technology Research and Development.**  
**Introduced:** 1/6/2021  
**Status:** 3/12/2021-Set for hearing March 22.  
**Summary:** Would establish the Office of Wildfire Technology Research and Development within the Office of Emergency Services under the direct control of the Director of the Office of Emergency Services. The bill would make the office responsible for studying, testing, and advising regarding procurement of emerging technologies and tools in order to more effectively prevent and suppress wildfires, and serving as the central organizing hub for the state government’s identification of emerging wildfire technologies, as provided.
- SB 291**    **(Stern D)    Advisory Commission on Special Education: pupil advisory council.**  
**Introduced:** 2/1/2021  
**Status:** 3/12/2021-Set for hearing March 22.  
**Summary:** Current law establishes the Advisory Commission on Special Education as an entity in state government consisting of 17 members to, among other things, study and provide assistance and advice to the State Board of Education, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the Legislature, and the Governor in new or continuing areas of research, program development, and evaluation in special education. This bill would establish an advisory council, composed of 15 pupils with exceptional needs from ages 16 to 24, inclusive, who represent all geographic regions of the state, to provide the commission with advice and input from current pupils with exceptional needs.

**Total Measures: 28**